Landscaping Regulations require property owners to manage hazardous vegetation and maintain their properties.

Subdivision Design Standards require risk reduction features, such as minimum road widths, secondary access, and adequate water supply.

Land Use and Development Codes incentivize developers to plan open space and recreational trails, creating fuel breaks.

Building Codes require ignition-resistant construction materials for new developments and retrofits.

Forest Management Projects reduce fuels within the wildland-urban interface (WUI).

Local Governments support fire adapted communities through good land use planning.

Watershed Management Plans reduce wildfire through fuel treatments, protecting vital water resources.

Land Preservation Tools encourage agricultural lands to buffer development from wildfires.

Steep Slope Ordinances restrict development within high wildfire-risk areas.

Good land use planning helps reduce wildfire costs, increases public safety, and improves forest health.

Wildfire Planning International
Molly Mowery, President
www.wildfireplanning.com
molly@wildfireplanning.com | 303-358-9589

Headwaters Economics
Kimiko Barrett, PhD
http://headwaterseconomics.org
kimi@headwaterseconomics.org | 406-224-1837

Helping communities better plan the wildland-urban interface. | www.planningforwildfire.org